



(an exploration stage company)

*Management's Discussion & Analysis
For the Three and Six Months Ended August 31, 2022*

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INTRODUCTION

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") for Waseco Resources Inc., an exploration stage company, ("Waseco" or the "Company") is dated October 31, 2022 and reflects the results for the three and six months ended August 31, 2022 and should be read in conjunction with the condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended August 31, 2022 and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2022 ("Financial Statements"). This MD&A and the Financial Statements, as well as press releases issued by the Company and other information, are available at the Company's website: www.wasecoresources.com and at SEDAR: www.sedar.com.

This MD&A is required to contain prospective and forward-looking statements. The Company is not in the practice of making forecasts, financial or otherwise, as it believes its business of mineral exploration and development is not sufficiently foreseeable to permit such forecasts to be made with any accuracy. To the extent that it is obliged to include such prospective information on herein, the Company claims the protection of safe harbor legislation and generally cautions readers that all forward-looking statements are subject to change, inherent risks and uncertainties of many kinds. All statements made herein are made in good faith and in their belief as to best information and expectation available, but no guarantee can be provided, nor should any be inferred from any forward-looking statement.

HIGHLIGHTS

During the six months ended August 31, 2022 and to the date of this report, the Company was focused on managing its limited cash resources while working to advance its business. Significant activities included the following:

- Exploration in Nevada – In early October, 2022, Marigold advised the Company, that it had initiated drilling on the Battle Mountain Ridge Property in September. Marigold also advised that in preparation for drilling, it had completed a cultural survey on the eastern half of Section 20, constructed approximately 400m of new road, cleared off the existing access roads, and cleared off or constructed 10 drill pads.
- Annual Meeting– The Company held its annual meeting of shareholders on July 25, 2022, wherein the following business items were addressed, as proposed:
 - Simone and Company were reappointed as auditors for the Company;
 - Elected Directors: Derek Bartlett, Michael Ellingson, Gary O'Connor and Richard Williams;
 - Stock option plan as proposed and unchanged from the prior year, was approved.
- BLM Bond Refund – On March 2, 2022, the Company received US\$17,740 from the Bureau of Land Management, Nevada ("BLM") to refund the reclamation bond on the Company's Battle Mountain Ridge Property ("BMR"). The BLM bond was no longer required after Marigold Mining Company ("Marigold") a wholly owned subsidiary of SSR Mining Inc. ("SSR"), optioned BMR and assumed the bonding obligation.
- Prospective Property Review – The Company continues to evaluate prospective properties that might assist with expanding the Company and supporting additional access to capital.

OUTLOOK

The business objectives of the Company continue to include the acquisition, exploration, development and production of mineral resources from properties in Canada and abroad. More particularly, the Company's primary business objective is the development of BMR in Nevada pursuant to the Option Agreement with SSR's subsidiary, Marigold.

SSR previously stated that the exploration expenditures by Marigold in 2022 are estimated at \$18 million, targeting oxide mineral resource additions and conversion of Mackay, Valmy, New Millennium and Trenton Canyon. The BMR property is included in the Trenton Canyon area, and management believes that Marigold intends to complete the minimum earn-in work requirement of 10,000 feet drilled or U.S.\$500,000 by July 1, 2023. The initiation of a drilling program by Marigold at BMR, as noted in the 'Highlights' above, is a positive indication that Marigold is working toward advancing BMR in accordance with the Option Agreement.

The Company may review alternative sources of funding its corporate activities to complement the financial support provided by advances from the Company's CEO. The Company requires additional funds to operate while its partners and optionee (Marigold) advance their exploration pursuant to the agreements in place. Furthermore, the Company continues to evaluate other projects that might complement its existing properties and lead to additional funding opportunities.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS AND PROJECTS

The Company is a Tier 2 junior exploration company, listed on the TSX Venture Exchange ("WRI") and on the Frankfurt Exchange ("WSE"), and is engaged in the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties. The authorized capital is comprised of an unlimited number of no-par value common shares. The Company is a reporting issuer in the provinces of Ontario, Alberta, and British Columbia.

The Company has interests in the following exploration properties and are more fully expanded upon under the heading "Exploration Activities" below:

- Battle Mountain Ridge, Nevada - In July 2020, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary entered into an option agreement (the "Option Agreement") with the Marigold Mining Company a wholly owned subsidiary of SSR Mining Inc. for 100% of the Company's BMR gold prospect in Nevada. This Option Agreement addressed the Company's short-term working capital concerns. If the option is exercised the Company will receive sufficient funds to eliminate its working capital deficiency.

Under the terms of the Agreement, Marigold has an exclusive option to acquire all the rights, title, and interest in Waseco's leased unpatented mining claims within the Option Agreement's five-year term. On closing Waseco received cash consideration of US\$100,000 as an advance towards the option purchase price plus US\$22,660 as a reimbursement of advance royalty, lease payments and core shack fees paid by Waseco. Marigold also assumed Waseco's obligation to pay the annual royalty and quarterly lease payments and to issue a BLM reclamation bond to replace the Company's BLM reclamation bond.

Under the terms of the Option Agreement, Marigold has the option, at its sole discretion, to complete minimum earn-in work requirements, which are as follows:

- No later than July 1, 2023, either complete 10,000 feet of drilling or incur US\$500,000 in qualifying exploration expenditures; and
- No later than July 1, 2025, either complete an additional 20,000 feet of drilling or incur an additional US\$1.0 million in qualifying exploration expenditures.

If Marigold does not complete the minimum earn-in work requirements, it has the option to pay Waseco an amount equal to the qualifying exploration expenditures for the applicable earn-in period less the qualifying exploration expenditures actually incurred by Marigold for the applicable earn-in period.

The Company retains a 1% NSR on all gold recovered beyond 300,000 ounces from the property. The Company has received expressions of interest to purchase the royalty from royalty companies but has elected not to pursue these at this time.

The Company considers this transaction to be transformational. The Company, while ceding its lead project, has benefited from a cash infusion and a material exploration campaign without incurring dilution. Upon completion of the program in the Option Agreement, management has every expectation of a multi-million pay-out which will cover all current payables and provide working capital to proceed with its business model of acquiring and exploring additional properties of merit.

The willingness of senior, world-class explorers, to lend their names to the Technical Advisory Committee was, in large part, a recognition of the potential of BMR. The property is strategically located on one of the world's most prolific gold belts. It is immediately adjacent to a past producer and on strike with two producing gold mines. Several areas of gold mineralization have been found on the property. Follow-up drill programs are warranted. This brain trust, with collectively over 200 years of successful mineral exploration experience, will be providing the guidance in selecting additional exploration properties going forward.

- Quebec Labrador Trough - A large land position in the Quebec Labrador Trough ("Labrador Trough") that is subject to a joint venture with ORANO Canada Inc. (formerly AREVA), which is a wholly owned subsidiary of ORANO Group S.A., the world's leading integrated nuclear company ("ORANO") (see www.orano.group/canada for more information). Although the Company continues to manage this property, the present market for uranium and minimal cash resources continue to limit the Company's activities.
- James Bay Lowlands - A 5% interest in a diamond exploration project in close proximity to the DeBeer's Victor mine, in the Attawapiskat region of the James Bay Lowlands of Northern Ontario; and
- Indonesia - Historically, the Company carried out extensive work exploring and developing an alluvial gold project in Indonesia. It has held discussions with an operating dredging company to capitalize on its technical data base and realize on its intellectual property.

The Company does not hold any interests in producing or commercial ore deposits and has no production revenue. There is no operating history upon which investors may rely. Commercial development of any kind will only occur if sufficient quantities of ore containing economic concentrations of uranium, gold or other mineral resources are discovered. If, in the future, a discovery is made, substantial financial resources would be required to establish ore reserves. Additional substantial financial resources would be required to develop mining and processing for any ore reserves that may be discovered. If the Company were to be unable to finance the establishment of ore reserves or the development of mining and processing facilities, it might be required to sell all or a portion of its interest in such property to one or more parties capable of financing such development. As a strategic consideration, the Company may find it more attractive to do so in any event, as it considers its primary business and expertise to be exploration, but it does not rule out the possibility of production in the appropriate circumstances.

The Company is subject to numerous risk factors that may affect its business prospects in the future. These include commodity prices, availability of capital, exploration risks, regulatory risks, environmental risks, competition, dependence on key personnel, potential risks relating to mineral titles and aboriginal land claims, currency risk and potential amendments to tax laws.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

The following paragraphs provide an analysis of the financial condition of the Company, results of operations, trends, events, uncertainties and industry and economic factors that affect the Company's performance.

Summary of Select Financial Information

Selected financial information for the last eight quarters appear below:

	FY2023		FY2022				FY2021	
	Q2 Aug-22	Q1 May-22	Q4 Feb-22	Q3 Nov-21	Q2 Aug-21	Q1 May-21	Q4 Feb-21	Q3 Nov-20
Total Assets	\$5,203	\$18,053	\$28,417	\$31,457	\$43,768	\$60,818	\$73,155	\$68,489
Payables & Accruals	74,760	83,457	91,183	\$67,096	\$71,032	\$82,286	\$87,212	\$72,479
Advances Payable	480,434	469,944	469,944	463,753	473,623	466,395	466,395	463,753
Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(\$14,643)	(\$2,637)	(\$2,138)	(\$3,282)	(\$16,945)	(\$76,906)	\$10,954	(\$8,335)
Loss per share	-	-	-	-	-	(0.002)	-	-

The Company's total assets have decreased in each of the last eight quarters, as the Company has used the proceeds from the July 2020 Option Agreement, including the related redemption of the BLM exploration bond in March 2022, additional advances payable to its CEO and delaying payments to certain vendors to fund its operations. The largest quarterly losses noted above are primarily attributed as follows: Q1 May 2021 - \$66,101 in non-cash share based compensation; Q2 August 2021 - \$7,317; and Q2 August 2022 - \$10,788 incurred for shareholder relations and regulatory fees, including the Annual Meeting held on July 25, 2022.

In Q4 Feb 2022, the exploration and evaluation expenditures include the recovery of the BMR provision for property restoration of \$22,664, which significantly offset fees paid to the Ministry of Mines, Quebec, thereby reducing the quarterly loss to \$2,138. In Q4 Feb 2021 the Company recovered certain exploration expenditures previously incurred on the BMR property pursuant to the Option Agreement, which contributed to the net income of \$10,954.

Three and Six Months Ended August 31, 2022

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	August 31, 2022	August 31, 2021	August 31, 2022	August 31, 2021
Expenses				
General and administrative	150	561	340	1,182
Exploration and evaluation expenditures <i>(Note 8)</i>	-	7,228	-	7,228
Professional fees	3,622	3,508	4,591	6,255
Share based compensation	-	7,317	-	73,418
Shareholder relations and regulatory fees	10,788	3,015	11,799	9,260
Foreign exchange (gains) losses	83	(348)	550	845
	14,643	21,281	17,280	98,188

On August 31, 2022, the Company's cash position was \$446 (February 28, 2022 - \$3,894). The Company, on March 2, 2022, received the BLM exploration bond refund of US\$17,740 (approximately \$22,526). The working capital deficit was \$554,991 compared to the working capital deficit of \$537,710 as at February 28, 2022.

The Company had a loss in the three months ended August 31, 2022, of \$14,643 compared to a loss of \$13,331 in the three months ended August 31, 2021. The increased loss of \$1,312 resulted from additional expenses associated with holding the annual meeting in June, which were partially offset by the \$7,317 reduction in share-based compensation. In the six months ended August 31, 2022, the loss decreased to \$17,280 from \$90,238 compared to the same period in 2021, primarily due to the \$73,418 reduction in share-based compensation.

Professional fees in the six months ending August 31, 2022, were lower than the prior year due to audit fee savings, which were partially offset by higher CFO service fees.

Disclosure of Outstanding Share Information

The following table sets forth information concerning the outstanding securities of the Company:

	October 31, 2022 & August 31, 2022	February 28, 2022
Shares	41,681,390	41,681,390
Options	2,800,000	2,800,000

Exploration Activities

Battle Mountain

On July 13, 2020, the Company announced the Option Agreement to grant an option on the BMR project to the Marigold Mining Company, a subsidiary of SSR Mining Inc. The option covers the 29 claims on the Battle Mountain Gold Trend in Lander County, Nevada. SSR has advised that it has completed a soil analysis program at BMR in 2021, and SSR intends to allocate a portion of Marigold's estimated 2022 exploration expenditures of US\$18,000,000 to its Trenton Canyon area, which includes BMR. Specific spending on BMR exploration and drilling activities is expected to comply with the Option Agreement minimum earn-in work requirements of at least 10,000 feet of drilling or U.S.\$500,000 spent by July 1, 2023.

The Company estimates spending by Marigold on BMR in the year ended February 28, 2021 was approximately US\$52,000, primarily related to land rent and reimbursement of exploration costs incurred by Waseco pursuant to the Option Agreement. During the year ended February 28, 2022, estimated spending by Marigold on BMR included US\$18,000 for soil samples and related analysis; US\$10,000 for drill core storage; and US\$36,000 for land rent and claims fees.

Marigold advised the Company, that drilling has commenced in September 2022. Prior activities included clearing existing access roads, constructing an additional 0.4 kilometre access road, and clearing and constructing up to 10-12 drill pads.

Quebec Labrador Trough Project

In 2013 the Province of Quebec proposed legislation to ban the exploration of uranium within its provincial boundaries. As a result, uranium exploration activities in Quebec were stopped. More recently, there has been an industry wide resurgence of interest, and uranium exploration has resumed, subject to local acceptance. There were no exploration activities in the field carried out on the Quebec Labrador Trough Project in the period under review. Uranium prices are improving and management intends to discuss re-activating the project with its joint venture partner.

The Company paid approximately \$7,300 in claims fees to the Province of Quebec in 2021 and expects to pay a similar amount in the autumn of 2022. In addition, the Company and ORANO each invest a minimum of \$3,000 each per year to manage the property, and generally record the costs in the last three months of the fiscal year.

Management continues to be pleased with its working relationship with ORANO. It is the world's leader in the nuclear industry, as such it provides valuable technical expertise to the project. It has also developed an in-depth knowledge of the area, having explored Northern Quebec over the past 40 years. The joint venture currently holds 104 claims covering approximately 6,500 hectares.

James Bay Lowlands

The Company holds a 5% interest in a 2,440-acre property, near Attawapiskat, in northern Ontario. The lead joint venture partner is KWG Resources Inc. ("KWG") The Victor Mine, held by De Beers, and the work on the MacFadyen diamondiferous dykes to the west of the property, have increased the visibility and significance of the camp. Discussions of a preliminary nature have taken place with certain other mining companies and First Nations' representatives, for the joint-exploration and development of the area. Sufficient assessment work has been filed to maintain the property in good standing.

The Company estimates KWG invested approximately \$39,000 in 2020 and \$21,000 in 2021 into the MacFayden Claims on the James Bay Lowlands project. The funds invested relate primarily to First Nation community negotiations and the evaluation and planning for future exploration activities.

No additional amounts have been invested during the periods under review, but it is anticipated that there will be further investment if the Company takes on an added role during any new joint exploration and development program.

Indonesia

The Company retains a significant quantity of proprietary information with respect to the Tewah Alluvial Gold project. Much of this information had been embodied in a Positive Bankable Feasibility Study (the "Intellectual Property"). The Company continues to monitor developments in the area and retains the desire to monetize the Intellectual Property it owns from exploration of its former holdings.

The Company, during the prior fiscal year, received a request for data from an active dredging company. Discussions to determine the terms under which the Company would share its data were initiated, but the discussion have not advanced to date.

Other Balance Sheet Comparisons

There were no significant or unexpected balance sheet changes in the period. The main comparison points would be the reduction in cash, which was used in operations, and a modest increase in advances payable to related parties.

The Company's desire to conduct exploration and development on its properties has traditionally been primarily based upon its ability to enter into attractive joint venture arrangements with third parties to undertake exploration and development expenditures on its behalf or by funding the programs directly.

It is also the Company's intention to pursue introducing a joint venture partner to achieve a return on its valuable intellectual property bearing on the development of its former Indonesian project, which, in the context of current prices for gold and zircon, an important by-product in the project, remains a

viable operation. Unfortunately, present market conditions have not facilitated advancing discussions with potential partners this fiscal year.

Dividends

The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividends on its Common Shares nor has any intention to do so in the foreseeable future. The Company intends to retain its earnings, if any, to finance growth and expand its operations and does not anticipate paying any dividends on its Common Shares in any near future short of establishing profitable production which there is no assurance of ever taking place.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

There are no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Related Party Transactions

The financial statements include transactions with directors and/or officers of the Company regarding share based compensation, management fee payments for CFO services and reimbursements of out-of-pocket amounts paid by officers on behalf of the Company.

During the six months ended August 31, 2022, Mr. Williams, Director, President and CEO provided net advances to the Company of \$10,490 (Year-ending February 28, 2022 - \$3,549). As a result, the advances payable, which are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand, increased to \$480,434 on August 31, 2022 (Feb. 28, 2022 - \$469,944).

These transactions are measured and recorded at their exchange amounts, being the amounts agreed to by the related parties and are not in excess of fair market values.

Liquidity Risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient cash resources to pay liabilities when required and to plan expenditures in line with available resources. Current assets at August 31, 2022, were \$5,203 (February 28, 2022 - \$28,417). Current liabilities at August 31, 2022, were \$560,194 (February 28, 2022 - \$566,137) consisting of trade payables and accruals, advances payable to Mr. Williams and a shareholder loan payable. Working capital (a non-GAAP measure) deficiency at August 31 2022, was \$544,991 (February 28, 2022 -\$537,710), representing an increase in the deficiency primarily due to cash used in operations.

Additional Capital

The continued exploration work by the Company may require substantial additional financing. There can be no assurance that additional capital or other types of financing would be available if needed or that, if available, the terms of such financings would be favorable to the Company. In addition, low commodity prices may affect the Company's ability to obtain financing as mineral property investment, which constitutes the primary activity of the Company, is linked to such prices.

Significant Accounting Policies

The Company's significant accounting policies are included in Note 2 of the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the six months ended August 31, 2022 and in Note 3 of the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2022, and they have been applied consistently to all periods presented.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for designing internal controls over financial reporting, or supervising their design, in order to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and preparation of consolidated financial statements for reporting purposes in accordance with IFRS.

There was no change in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the six months ended July 31, 2022 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

The control framework has been designed by management with assistance from accounting consultants. Based on a review of its internal control procedures at the end of the period covered by this MD&A, the conclusion of management is that the internal control over financial reporting is appropriately designed and operating effectively as of July 31, 2022.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that all relevant information is gathered and reported to senior management, including the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer, on a timely basis so that appropriate decisions can be made regarding public disclosure.

As at the end of the period covered by this Management's Discussion and Analysis, management of the Company evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as required by Canadian securities laws. Based on that evaluation, the President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the Company's annual *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings* and other reports filed or submitted under Canadian securities laws is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by those laws and that material information is accumulated and communicated to management of the Company, including the President and Chief Executive Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Timely Disclosure, Confidentiality and Insider Trading Policy

Management has adopted the policy to ensure that Waseco and all persons to whom this Policy applies meet their obligations under the provisions of security laws and stock exchange rules by establishing a process for the timely disclosure of all Material Information.

- (i) This policy covers disclosures in documents filed with the securities regulators and written statements made in the Company's annual and quarterly reports, news releases, letters to shareholders, presentations by Directors, Officers, Employees or Contractors and information contained on the Company's website and other communications. It extends to oral statements made in meetings and telephone conversations with analysts and investors, interviews with the media as well as speeches, press conferences and conference calls and any other public disclosures on behalf of the Company, the content of which would reasonably be expected to affect value or price of any security of the Company.
- (ii) all persons to whom this Policy applies understand their obligations to preserve the confidentiality of Undisclosed Material Information (as defined herein)
- (iii) all appropriate parties who have Undisclosed Material Information are prohibited from Insider Trading (as defined herein) and Tipping (as defined herein) under applicable law, stock exchange rules and this policy; and
- (iv) communications to the investing public about the Company are timely, factual, accurate, complete and not misleading, and broadly disseminated in accordance with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Proposed Transactions

Management is continuously examining potential acquisitions or options of additional properties as they are presented to the Company. No such other transactions are presently pending. If the Company makes any commitments because of such transactions, it would be announced by way of a prompt press release.

TRENDS

There are no unusual trends, commitments, events or uncertainties presently known or identifiable to management that would reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations beyond the junior mining sector's continuing challenge to raise funds in the capital markets. This adverse trend continued for an unusually extended period. Although prospects for funding may have improved, the pricing of new capital may be excessively dilutive. It is also difficult to achieve material share appreciation based upon exploration funding, activity, and the time to generate successful results. The nature of the Company's business is demanding of capital for property acquisition costs, exploration commitments and holding costs. The Company intends to utilize cash on hand to meet these obligations and will continue to raise funds, as necessary, to augment this cash position. In recent times, Mr. Williams, the Chief Executive Officer has been supportive in the Company's operations by extending shareholder advances to the Company with nil interest, no fixed terms of repayment or other considerations.

RISKS

There are certain risk factors that could have material effects on the Company that are not quantifiable at

present due to the nature of the Company's industry segment and other considerations.

Exploration Development and Operating Risk

Mineral exploration involves many risks, which even a combination of experience, knowledge and careful evaluation may not be able to overcome. Operations in which the Company has a direct or indirect interest will be subject to all the hazards and risks normally incidental to exploration and development, any of which could result in work stoppages, damage to property, and possible environmental damage.

None of the properties in which the Company has an interest has a known body of commercial ore as defined under NI 43-101. Development of the Company's mineral properties would follow only upon obtaining satisfactory exploration results.

Mineral exploration and development involve a high degree of risk and few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. There is no assurance that the Company's mineral exploration and development activities will result in any discoveries of commercially viable bodies of ore. The long-term profitability of the Company's operations will be in part directly related to the cost and success of its exploration programs, which may be affected by a number of factors.

Substantial expenditures are required to establish reserves through drilling, to develop metallurgical processes to extract the metal from the resources and, in the case of new properties, to develop the mining and processing facilities and infrastructure at any site chosen for mining. Although substantial benefits may be derived from the discovery of a major mineralized deposit, no assurance can be given that minerals will be discovered in sufficient quantities to justify commercial operations or that the funds required for development could be obtained on a timely basis.

Business Risk

The success of the operations and activities of the Company is dependent to a significant extent on the efforts and abilities of its management, outside contractors, experts, and other advisors. Investors must be willing to rely to a significant degree on management's discretion and judgment, as well as the expertise and competence of the outside contractors, experts, and other advisors. The Company does not have a formal program in place for succession of management and training of management. The loss of one or more of the key employees or contractors, if not replaced on a timely basis, could adversely affect the Company's operations and financial performance.

Under the terms of the Option Agreement, Marigold has the option, at its sole discretion, to complete minimum earn-in work requirements at BMR. The advancement of exploration activities at BMR is dependent upon Marigold to allocate funding and resources to BMR, which will be subject to exploration development and operating risks and business risks similar to those noted above that may impact Marigold.

Commodity Prices

The price of the Company's common shares, its financial results, and its exploration and

development activities have been, or may in the future be, adversely affected by declines in the price of gold, uranium and/or other metals. Metal prices fluctuate widely and are affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control such as the sale or purchase of commodities by various central banks and other financial institutions, expectations of inflation or deflation, currency exchange fluctuations, interest rates, global or regional consumption patterns, international supply and demand, speculative activities and increased production due to new mine developments, improved mining and production methods and international economic and political trends. The Company's revenues, if any, would be in large part derived from mining and sale of precious and base metals or interests related thereto. The effect of these factors on the price of precious and base metals, and therefore the economic viability of any of the Company's exploration projects, cannot accurately be predicted.

Market Volatility

In recent years, the securities markets in the United States and Canada have experienced a high level of price and volume volatility, and the market prices of securities of many companies have experienced wide fluctuations in price which have not necessarily been related to the operating performance, underlying asset values or prospects of such companies. There can be no assurance that continual fluctuations in price will not occur.

Additional Capital

The exploration activities of the Company may require substantial additional financing. Failure to obtain sufficient financing may result in delay or indefinite postponement of exploration and development of any and all of the Company's properties. There can be no assurance that additional capital or other types of financing would be available if needed or that, if available, the terms of such financings would be favourable to the Company. In addition, low commodity prices may affect the Company's ability to obtain financing.

Environmental and Permitting

All phases of the Company's operations are subject to environmental regulation in the various jurisdictions in which it operates. These regulations, among other things, mandate the maintenance of air and water quality standards, land reclamation, transportation, storage and disposal of hazardous waste. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner which will require stricter standards and enforcement, increased fines and penalties for non-compliance, more stringent environmental assessments of proposed projects and a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and their officers, directors, and employees. There is no assurance that future changes in environmental regulation, if any, would not adversely affect the Company's operations.

Acquisition

The Company uses its best judgment to acquire mining properties for exploration and development. In pursuit of such opportunities, the Company may fail to select appropriate properties or acquisition candidates or negotiate acceptable agreements, including arrangements to finance the acquisitions and their development, or integrate such opportunity and their personnel with the Company. The Company cannot assure that it can complete any acquisition that it pursues on favourable terms, or that any acquisition completed would ultimately benefit the Company.

Competition

The mining industry is intensely competitive in all of its phases, and the Company competes with many companies possessing greater financial resources and technical facilities than it. Competition in the mining business could adversely affect the Company's ability to acquire suitable producing properties or prospective properties for mineral exploration in the future.

Land Title

The Company has not sought formal title opinions on its mineral property interests in Canada, the United States and in Indonesia. Any of the Company's properties may be subject to prior unregistered agreements or transfers or native land claims and title may be affected by undetected defects. The Company has no present knowledge of any material defect in the title to any of the properties in which the Company has or may acquire an interest.